

DESIGN OF AN INTERNATIONAL, PHASE 3 OPEN-LABEL EXTENSION STUDY TO INVESTIGATE THE LONG-TERM SAFETY OF DAILY ORAL EDARAVONE (FNP-122) IN ALS: THE ADOREXT STUDY

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Objective

To describe/illustrate the study design of ADOREXT, a phase 3 open-label (OLE) study assessing the long-term safety of daily oral edaravone (FNP-122) in people living with ALS (pALS)

Effective treatment of ALS continues to be a significant unmet need.

Edaravone is thought to be a potent antioxidant and may slow the progression of ALS by protecting nerve damage.

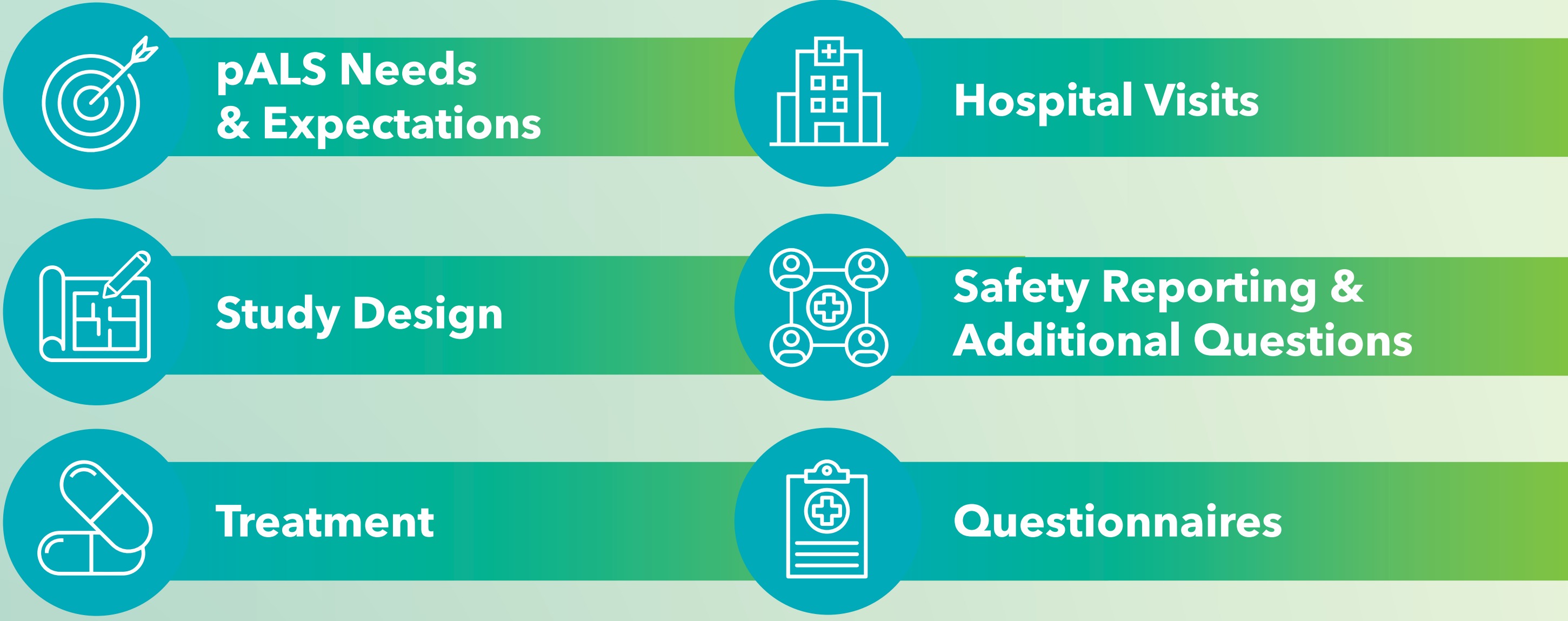
ADOREXT trial design includes the voice of pALS

The ADOREXT protocol has been developed considering pALS’ needs and perspectives collected in an ALS Patient Representatives Advisory Board (PAB)

8 patient organizations from Europe and North America participated.



The aim was to appraise the pALS’ perception on the clinical protocol to improve accessibility to the trial to patients as well as to validate endpoints and study design.



Inclusion criteria

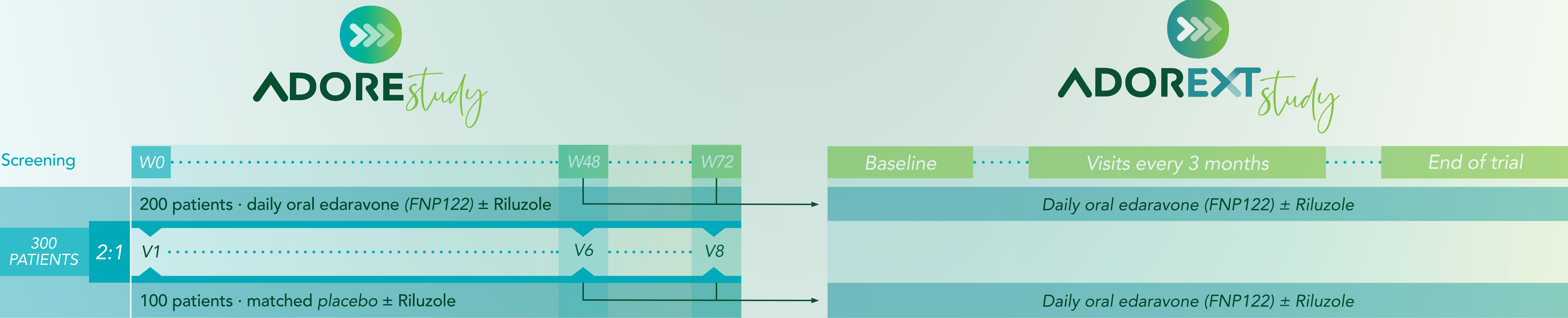
All pALS who completed the full study period in the main ADORE study and whom the investigator has no concern and judges tolerable for receiving treatment with FNP-122 from a risk and benefit point of view.

Endpoints

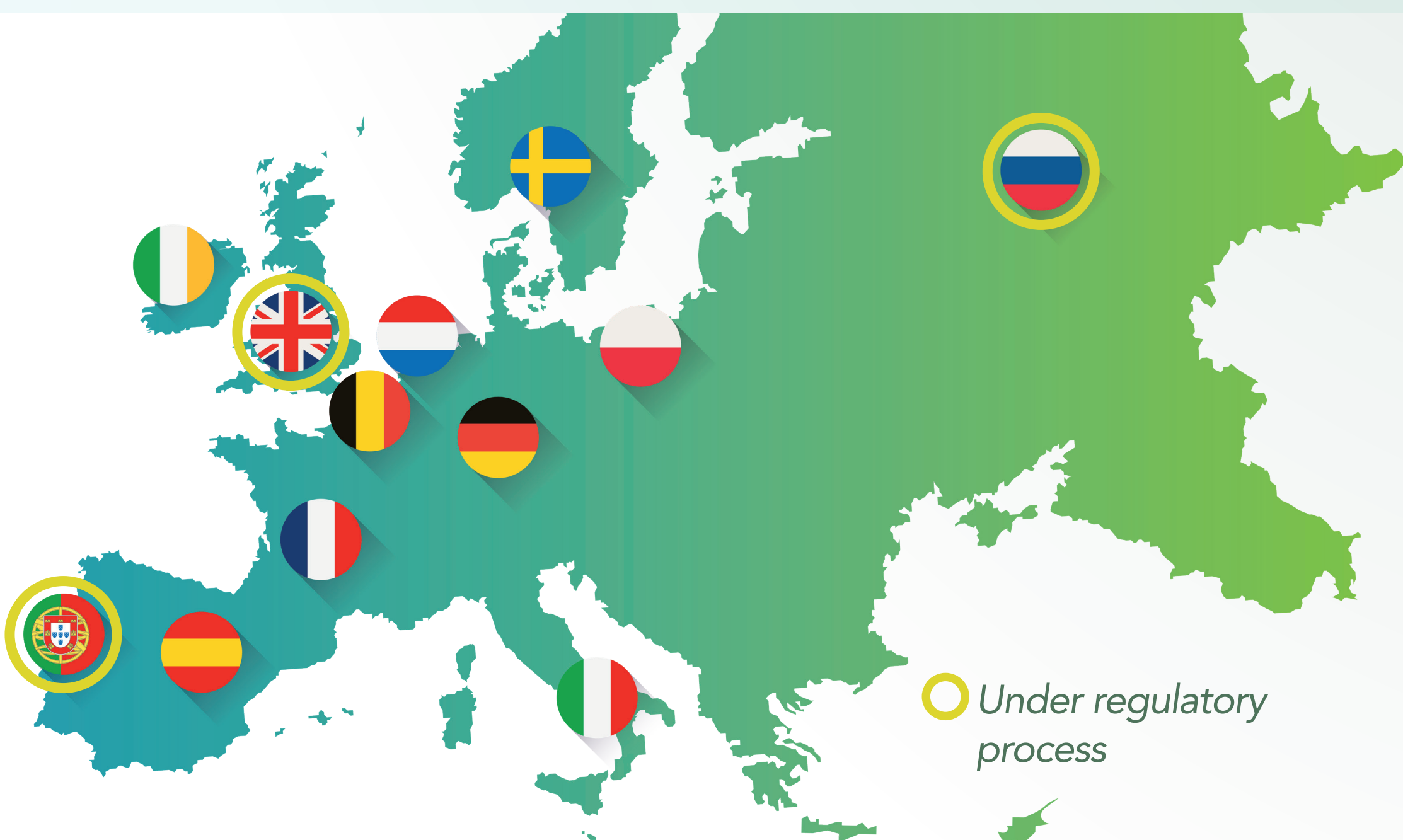
- Primary endpoint**
 - Nature, frequency, and severity of Treatment Emergent Adverse Events in the pALS
- Secondary endpoints**
 - Mortality · mortality-adjusted change from baseline in ALSFRS-R total score until the end of the study
 - Overall Survival
- Pulmonary function** · Change from baseline in SVC
 - Biomarkers – Change from baseline (neurofilament light, creatinine, creatinine kinase, 8-OHdG and Urinary p75ECD)
 - QoL · Change from baseline in ALSAQ-40 and EQ- 5D-5L scores, VAS
 - Cognition · ECAS
- Safety endpoints**

Study design

The ADOREXT study offers the possibility of receiving FNP-122 to all ADORE participants that complete the full study period
Patients who stopped treatment (for other than safety reasons) but completed the study period will be also invited to participate in ADOREXT



Roll over from the ADORE study to the ADOREXT study started in March 2023



TRICALS
The highway towards a cure
European Study conducted with TRICALS support
All sites that recruited pALS for the pivotal phase 3 ADORE study, most of them from the TRICALS Network, can participate in the OLE study ADOREXT.

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Conclusions

The ADOREXT study will provide relevant safety and long-term survival data on this daily oral formulation of edaravone (FNP-122)

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Endpoints

Primary endpoint

- Nature, frequency, and severity of Treatment Emergent Adverse Events in the pALS

Secondary endpoints

- Mortality** · mortality-adjusted change from baseline in ALSFRS-R total score until the end of the study

Overall Survival

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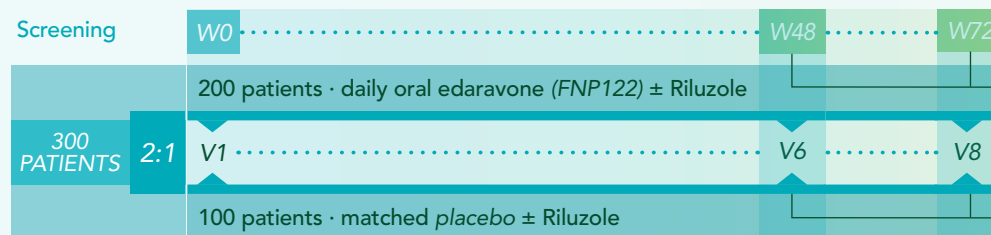
Safety endpoints



Study design

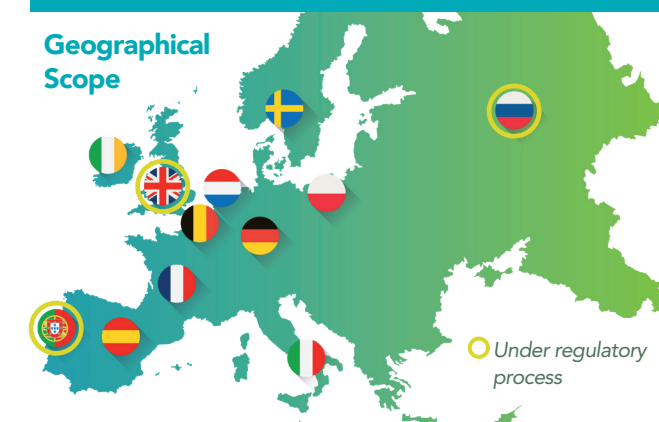
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Geographical Scope



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Conclusions

The ADOREXT study will provide relevant safety and long-term survival data on this daily oral formulation of edaravone (FNP-122)

TRICALS: Treatment Research Initiative to Cure ALS; **ALSFRS-R:** Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Functional Rating Scale-Revised; **SVC:** slow vital capacity; **pALS:** people living with ALS; **cALS:** caregivers for people with ALS; **PAB:** Patient Representatives Advisory Board; **ALSAQ-40:** Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Assessment Questionnaire; **ECAS:** The Edinburgh Cognitive and Behavioural ALS Screen; **VAS:** visual analogue scales

REFERENCES: A Multicenter, Randomized, Double-blind, Placebo-controlled Study to Investigate the Efficacy and Safety of FAB122 in Patients With Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ADORE). ClinicalTrials.gov [Internet]. January 5, 2022. Accessed June, 2023. <https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05178810>; A Multicenter, Open-label Extension Study to Investigate the Long-term Safety of FAB122 in Patients With Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ADOREXT). ClinicalTrials.gov [Internet]. May 19, 2023. Accessed June, 2023. <https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05866926>

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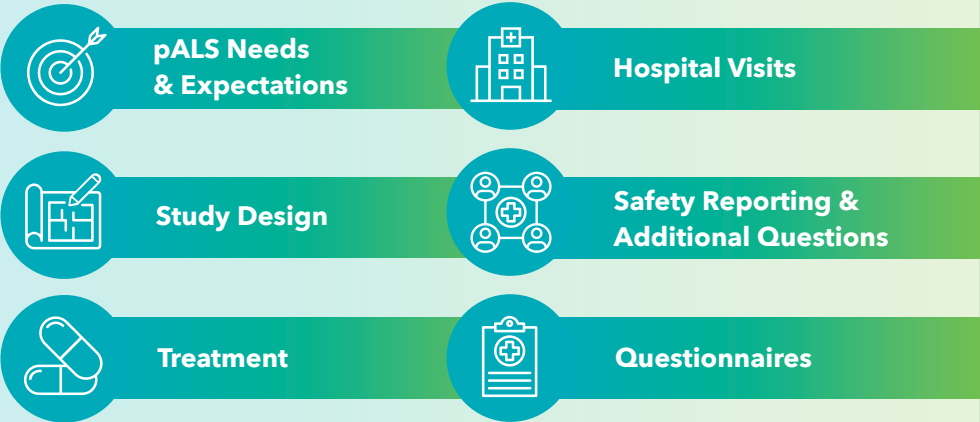
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Graphical Abstract

Access the Graphical Abstract presented at the ENCALS 2023 meeting to describe the design of a Phase 3 trial, assessing the safety and the efficacy on disease progression and survival of once daily oral edaravone in patients with ALS

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The ADOREXT study offers to all ADORE participants the possibility of receiving FNP-122 after they complete the full study period. pALS that discontinued treatment in the main ADORE study for other than safety reasons, will be also invited to participate in the ADOREXT to also receive FNP-122.

